

Conflict of Interest Policy and Procedure

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1. Introduction

This policy applies to Building Communities (Vic) Ltd (BCVL) Parties as defined in 3.2 of this policy. Conflict of interest means any outside activity, commitment, or interest that may adversely affect, compromise, or be incompatible with the obligations of an employee to BCVL or to widely recognised professional norms. Conflict of interest refers to situations in which financial or other personal considerations may compromise, or have the appearance of compromising, an employee's professional judgment in exercising any employment duty or responsibility.

2. Aim

The purpose of this policy and procedure document is to:

- inform Parties of BCVL policy regarding conflicts of interest
- assist Parties of BCVL to identify situations in which a conflict of interest may arise
- provide guidelines and assistance to Parties to avoid or deal appropriately with conflicts of interest
- outline the consequences of a failure to avoid or deal with conflicts of interest
- outline the process for reporting and resolving an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest.

3. Principles

3.1 Policy statement

All BCVL parties owe a legal duty to BCVL, as their employer, to act in the best interests of the Company in performing their duties, in preference to the employee's own personal interests. It is the responsibility of parties of BCVL to act in a manner which will avoid actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest, and to manage and report conflicts of interest as outlined in this document.

3.2 Abbreviations and definitions

Term/ Abbrev.	Meaning			
Conflict of interest	An employee or contractor has personal interests which conflict with their responsibility, as an employee of BCVL, to perform their duties, and lead to any form of financial or personal gain.			
	Includes:			
	Actual. An obvious or demonstrable conflict of interest.			
	 Potential. A situation arises where there is potential for a conflict of interest to occur. 			
	• <i>Perceived</i> . An onlooker may reasonably assume there is a conflict of interest.			
Party/Parties	Individuals appointed to lead, manage and provide services through contracts to BCVL. This includes the Board members, company secretary, and contracted personnel.			



These principles are inclusive of associates such as business partners,
family members, friends or persons in a close personal relationship.

3.3 Conflict of Interest at BCVL

A conflict of interest may take various forms but exists when there is a divergence between an individual's private interests and his or her professional obligations to BCVL such that an independent observer might reasonably question whether the individual's professional actions or decisions might be influenced by considerations of gain, financial or otherwise, for the individual or his or her family members or for other parties.

Conflict of interest can occur when an employee receives or is perceived to receive any form of financial or other personal gain as a result of making decisions, in the course of their duties, as a delegated authority and/ or as a member of a decision-making committee. Conflict of interest can also occur when associates of the employee such as business partners, family members, friends or persons in a close personal relationship with the employee receive or are perceived to receive financial or personal benefits.

BCVL employees perform a range of functions, many of which could present the potential for a conflict of interest, including but not limited to:

- employment and selection of staff
- selection of a contractor for services or purchases
- allocation of properties, renter selection
- ordering/delivery of goods and services
- authorisation of expenditure
- where an employee holds secondary employment or contract that may compromise their responsibilities with BCVL.

This Conflict of Interest policy and procedure is also relevant to the protection of renters' best interests, ensuring that they are dealt with fairly and not with a view to gaining an advantage for BCVL at their expense.

3.4 Avoiding Conflict of Interest

The following principles provide some guidelines for conducting business in a way that avoids conflict of interest. Employees who are uncertain if they are placed in a potential or actual conflict of interest situation or not should seek advice from their supervisor or manager.

Use of BCVL resources

BCVL resources, information and supply arrangements are to be used for BCVL and renter benefit, not personal benefit. It could be a conflict of interest if an employee:

- makes private purchases on the same terms and prices that had been negotiated for BCVL purchases
- purchase discounted air tickets for personal use by using BCVL travel agent
- obtain items or services for personal use using the terms/discounts negotiated by BCVL to obtain a discount which would not be available to the general public

External relationships (suppliers, service providers, customers)

External parties such as suppliers, service providers and customers are to be dealt with in an impartial manner, and all dealings fair and transparent. It could be a conflict of interest if a party is personally associated with an external party and:

• conducts business with them

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- influences the awarding of supply of materials or services to them
- diverts BCVL business away from another external party in favour of their associated business.

Notes

• if the association between the employee and the supplier or customer has been declared, and an action plan in place, this is managed as a potential conflict of interest

Care must also be taken even if there is no personal association between the employee and the external party. It could be a conflict of interest if an employee:

- is taken out to lunch by an external party
- receives discounted goods or services
- receives a gift, including but not limited to small items such as gift vouchers or concert tickets
- receives cash

Notes

- ensure lunches are approved by a Chief Executive Officer.
- goods and services offered or received must be declared and either not accepted or placed in a central point for benevolent distribution
- tokens such as promotional pens and stationery items are not considered a conflict of interest

Internal BCVL functions

Internal BCVL functions are to be fair and transparent. It could be a conflict of interest if a party:

- influences:
 - o recruitment and selection
 - o promotion
 - o disciplinary procedures
 - o staff development
 - o performance review
 - o remuneration
- as a financial delegate, approves payments to themselves or an associate
- discloses information to a third party about internal BCVL functions

Notes

- see Personal relationships section below
- if financial delegate or associate is entitled to payment, claims must be signed by the Finance Manager
- information disclosed to a third party because there is a legal or professional duty to disclose is not a conflict of interest
- consent of the Board, or their delegate must be obtained before any disclosure

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Personal relationships

Personal relationships are not to influence work behaviours. It could be a conflict of interest if an employee:

• acts on the basis of personal friendship or personal animosity to advantage or disadvantage a fellow employee, supplier, service provider, customer or renter

Notes

- employees must disclose any close personal relationship with another current employee, an applicant for any vacant position relevant to the party, a supplier, service provider, customer or renter
- action plans relating to potential conflict of interest could include ensuring that one party is not the direct supervisor of the other or involved in any other procedure relating to the conditions of appointment, e.g. position classification, leave applications, performance monitoring

4.Conflict of Interest Procedure

4.1 Identification

Parties must consider whether any conflict of interest exists at the commencement of their role. Because conflicts of interest can arise at any time, parties must be aware of the possibility occurring on an ongoing basis and if it arises, take action as per this policy and procedure document.

4.2 Declaration

If a party believes they may have a conflict of interest, they must disclose it immediately to the BCVL Board, or their delegate.

If there has been a delay in reporting it, a valid explanation must be provided.

Parties who are uncertain whether or not they are placed in a situation where a potential or actual conflict of interest exists should seek advice from a member of the BCVL Board, or their delegate.

4.3 Assessment and decision

The person to whom the disclosure has been made assesses the information provided and decides, either that:

- the potential for a conflict of interest of the employee is remote and requires no further action other than to record that the matter has been reviewed; or
- the employee's situation presents a conflict of interest and that conflict must be resolved.

Their assessment and decision must be recorded in a report, and submitted to the BCVL Board, or their delegate.

Guidelines for developing action plans

Actions determined to resolve or eliminate any conflict of interest are to be implemented immediately. These may include:

- require the employee to take action to eliminate the conflict
- disqualify the employee from the process to which the conflict relates
- reorganise the duties of the employee so as to remove the conflict of interest

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• put in place additional processes to ensure the impartiality of the individual in the performance of their duties and notify the individual of these processes by confidential minutes.

4.4 Approval

The BCVL Board, or their delegate, reviews the report and gives approval, or discusses any further action that may be required to obtain approval.

4.5 Notification process

When approval has been given, the person who has made the assessment and decision notifies the party of their decision and develops an action plan. The individual is provided with a copy of the report, including any comment that they wish to be recorded.

4.6 Records

The report is forwarded to the Company Secretary who:

- place all relevant documentation on the employee's personnel file
- record the details in the Conflict of Interest Register, including:
 - o details of the actual, potential or perceived conflict
 - the assessment, decision and action plan.

4.7 Annual review of Conflict of Interest

Parties will be annually asked to update any declarations. While this provides a point in time notification of interests, employees who are authorised to continue to perform their normal duties must immediately report any change in circumstances to the BCVL Board or their delegate, who must re-assess the situation.

4.8 Confidentiality

BCVL shall take all necessary steps to ensure the confidentiality of information relating to conflicts of interest, disclosing information only to those with:

- delegated authority for dealing with and recording such matters
- relevant expertise whose advice and/ or assistance has been sought.

4.9 Complaints

If an individual believes that another individual is not complying with this policy and procedure, they may raise the matter with their supervisor or report it under BCVL's Whistleblower Policy. The complaint will, at the discretion of the BCVL Board, or their delegate, be investigated. If the individual against whom the complaint has been made disputes the allegation, the BCVL Board, or their delegate may ask them to make a written statement that they do not have a conflict of interest as alleged.

Refer to BCVL Whistleblower Policy

5. Breaches of the Conflict of Interest policy or procedure

5.1 What constitutes a breach

A party is deemed to have breached the Conflict of Interest policy and procedure if they:

- fail to disclose potential or actual conflicts of interest
- are directed to provide information and fail to do so



5.2 Action following a breach

Depending on the circumstances, actions taken by BCVL may include:

- counselling
- use of disciplinary procedures
- civil action
- reporting of actions to police, possibly leading to criminal charges.

Some breaches may lead to an allegation of misconduct, termination of employment and/ or legal proceedings against an employee.

Refer to BCVL Fraud, Corruption and Criminal Conduct Procedure and Whistleblower Policy

6. Related legislation, frameworks, policies and procedures

6.1 Legislation

Housing Assistance Act 1996 (COM)

Housing Act 1983 (VIC)

Residential Tenancies Act. 1997 (VIC)

Residential Tenancies Amendment Regulations 2021 (Vic)

Planning and Environment Act 1987 (Vic)

Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006 (VIC)

National Disability Insurance Scheme

6.2 Codes, frameworks and agreements

The National Affordable Housing Agreement

OOH, Homelessness Assistance Program Guidelines and Conditions Funding 2006-2009 (VIC)

Consumer Charter for Community Managed Housing and Homelessness Services

Victorian Community Housing Regulatory Framework

National Community Housing Standards

Department of Human Services Standards

NDIS Practice Standards and Quality Indicators

NDIS Code of Conduct



6.3 BCVL related policies and processes

Housing and Homelessness Policies and Procedures

Customer Feedback and Appeals Policy and Procedures

Privacy Policies and Procedures

Declaration of Interest form

Fraud, Corruption and Criminal Conduct Procedure

Whistleblower Policy

Procurement Policy

7. Monitoring and review

This document should be periodically reviewed and revised. Revisions should be made as and when required. The period between reviews must not exceed one year. The date for review of this document is on or before November 2025. Training will be provided to each staff member and the Board as a component of their induction.

Review history

Date and version	Reason for review	Review frequency	Owner	Approver
Version 1.0, April 2023	New	Annually	Chief Executive Officer	BCVL Board
Version 2.0, November 2025	New	Annually	Chief Executive Officer	BCVL Board

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